# PROTOCOL for qPCR

### Materials:

Primary rat aortic VSMC (Lonza) or A-10 (LGC Standards)

6 cm dishes

Growth medium for VSMC:

Serum-reduced medium for VSMC:

Growth medium for A10: DMEM (Lonza), 200 mM L-glutamine, 10% FBS (Gibco)

peqGold total RNA kit (Peqlab, Germany)

High Capacity cDNA Reverse Transcriptase Kit (Applied Biosciences)

Light Cycler TM 480 (Roche Diagnostics, Switzerland)

Luna Universal qPCR Master Mix (New England Biolabs) Forward and reverse primer (10  $\mu\text{M})$  for rat TRPV1

FW and Rv primer for rat GAPDH

FW and Rv primer for rat 18S

cDNA from rat DRG - positive control for TRPV1 expression

PCR plate with a sealing tape

### Procedure:

- 1. Seed 400K cells in 5 ml growth medium on a 6 cm dish and let incubate for 24 h (or 48 h)
- 2. For one set of VSMC: set them on the 24 h serum starvation (switch to 5 ml/dish of 0.1% FBS medium)
- 3. Aspirate the medium and lyse cells using 400  $\mu\text{l/}6$  cm dish of Rna TK Lysis Buffer from the RNA extraction kit
- 4. Incubate with lysis buffer for 5 min at RT
- 5. Scrape the lysates carefully using sterile cell scrapers into one part of the dish and transfer the lysate into a new, sterile 1.5 ml concial Eppendorf tube
- 6. Either freeze the lysate at -80°C till further work, or procede with the RNA extraction immediately
- 7. Put samples over the homogenizer columns; centrifuging at 12000 g for 1 min
- 8. Filtrate was mixed with 400  $\mu l$  70% EtOH
- 9. The mixture was put over the RNA mini columns and centrifuged at 10000 g for 1 min
- 10. Filtrate was discarded
- 11. RNA mini columns were washed once with 500  $\mu l\,$  RNA Washing Buffer, centrifugation at 10000 g for 30 sec
- 12. RNA mini columns were washed twice with 80% EtOH, each time centrifugation at 13000 g for 1 min
- 13. Drying the columns at maximum speed (15000 g) for 2 min
- 14. Eluting the RNA from the RNA mini columns with 50  $\mu$ l of nuclease free water, centrifuging at max speed for 2 min

Determining the RNA conc using NanoDrop, making sure the A260/A280 ratio is around 2

# cDNA synthesis

High Capacity cDNA Reverse Transcriptase Kit was used from Applied Biosciences

We diluted 1  $\mu g$  of RNA with RNAse-free water up to 10  $\mu l$  in a cooling block

# 2x RT master mix was prepared on ice:

for 15 samples +RT (be	ecause µl	f	for one sample -RT	
10x RT Buffer	30			2
25x dNTP Mix (100 mN	A) 12			0.8
10x RT Random Primer	rs 30			2
MulitScribeTM Reverse	e Tran 15			0
RNAse Inhibitor	15			1
Nuclease-free water	48			4.2
TOTAL	150			10

Added 10  $\mu$ l of the 2x RT master mix into 10 $\mu$ l RNA samples (for the blind RT+ sample, it was added to 10  $\mu$ l RNAse-free water)

Flicked to mix and centrifuged the samples shortly to collect all the solution

# Reverse transcription program:

	Step 1		Step 2		Step 3	Step 4	
Temp		25		37	85		4
Time	10'		120'		5'	indef.	

# PCR

Luna Universal qPCR Master Mix was used

Reaction volume 15  $\mu l$ 

cDNA dilution in reaction volume 1:10

for 34 reactions

(+10%), prepared on

for one reaction/well:

Luna Universal qPCR Master Mix 255 μΙ 7.5 µl Primers (TRPV1(P1) 10  $\mu M$  or for 18S and G 25.5 μΙ  $0.75~\mu l$ 178.5 μl Nuclease-free water 5.25 μΙ cDNA (for TRPV1 undiluted, for GADPH and for 18S 1:20 dilution) 1.5 μΙ

Samples measured in triplicates

Cycle step	Temperature (°C)	Time	Cycles
Initial denaturation	95	60 s	1
Denaturation	95	15 s	1
Extension	60	30 s	45
Melt curve	55	30 s	1