

file format features and significant properties

Andreas Aschenbrenner, ERPANET

overview

1. file format features
2. significant properties
3. file formats in digital preservation

What is a file format?

A format is a fixed, byte-serialized encoding of an information model.

An information model is a formal expression of exchangeable knowledge.

(Abrams, Seaman: Towards a global digital format registry. IFLA 2003)

0010010 10 111010 1001

11010 01

format examples

```
<FONT SIZE=3 STYLE="font-size: 13pt">Chinese-European Workshop  
on Digital Preservation</FONT></H1><H1 LANG="en-GB"  
CLASS="western" ALIGN=CENTER STYLE="margin-left: -0.64cm"><FONT  
SIZE=3 STYLE="font-size: 13pt">Beijing, July 14&ndash;16,  
2004</FONT><P LANG="en-GB" CLASS="western" ALIGN=CENTER  
STYLE="margin-left: -0.64cm; margin-bottom: 0cm">Preliminary  
Agenda, Version 1.0</P><FONT SIZE=2 STYLE="font-size:  
11pt"><B>Day 1 (14 July 2004)<P LANG="en-GB" CLASS="western"  
ALIGN=LEFT STYLE="margin-bottom: "><B>Introduction</B></P><P  
LANG="de-AT" CLASS="western" ALIGN=LEFT><SPAN LANG="en-  
GB">Moderator:<I>Xiaolin Zhang</I>,  
<I>CSDL/CAS</I></SPAN></P><SPAN LANG="en-GB">Welcome and  
Introduction</SPAN></P><P LANG="de-AT" CLASS="western"  
ALIGN=LEFT><I><SPAN LANG="en-GB">Longji Dai,  
CALIS.</SPAN></I></P></TD></TR><TR VALIGN=TOP><TD WIDTH=47  
ALIGN=LEFT><SPAN LANG="en-GB">9:15-9:30</SPAN></P></TD><TD  
WIDTH=576 BGCOLOR="#f3f3f3"><P LANG="en-GB" CLASS="western"  
ALIGN=LEFT STYLE="margin-bottom: 0cm">Opening Remarks</P>
```

Introduction Longji Dai, CALIS. 09:15-9:30 Opening Remarks Haibo Yu

0 01 . . 1 0

0010010 10 111010 1001

11010 01

categorisation

Document - DOC, HTML

Page description language - PDF, Postscript

Raster Images - TIFF, PNG, JPEG

Structured graphics - CAD, VSD, QXD

Audio - WAV, MP3, MIDI

Video - MPEG, AVI

Spreadsheets - XSL

Databases - DBF, MDB

Configurations, metadata - CSS

Raw data

Collections - tar, zip

Program-supporting - TTF, game saves

Object code - EXE, COM

(wikipedia.org; Clausen, May 2004)

0010010 10 111010 1001

0 01 . .

1 01

11010 01

format features



This is our document format ...

format features



<doc>

This is our document format ...

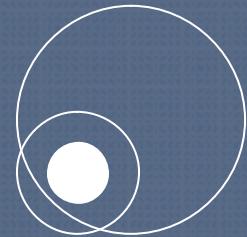
</doc>

format features



```
<doc>
  This is our <b>document</b> format ...
</doc>
```

format features



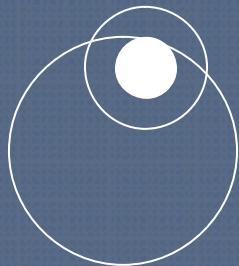
```
<doc>
```

```
  This is our <b>document</b> format ...
```

```
  <table><raw> with tables </raw></table>
```

```
</doc>
```

format features



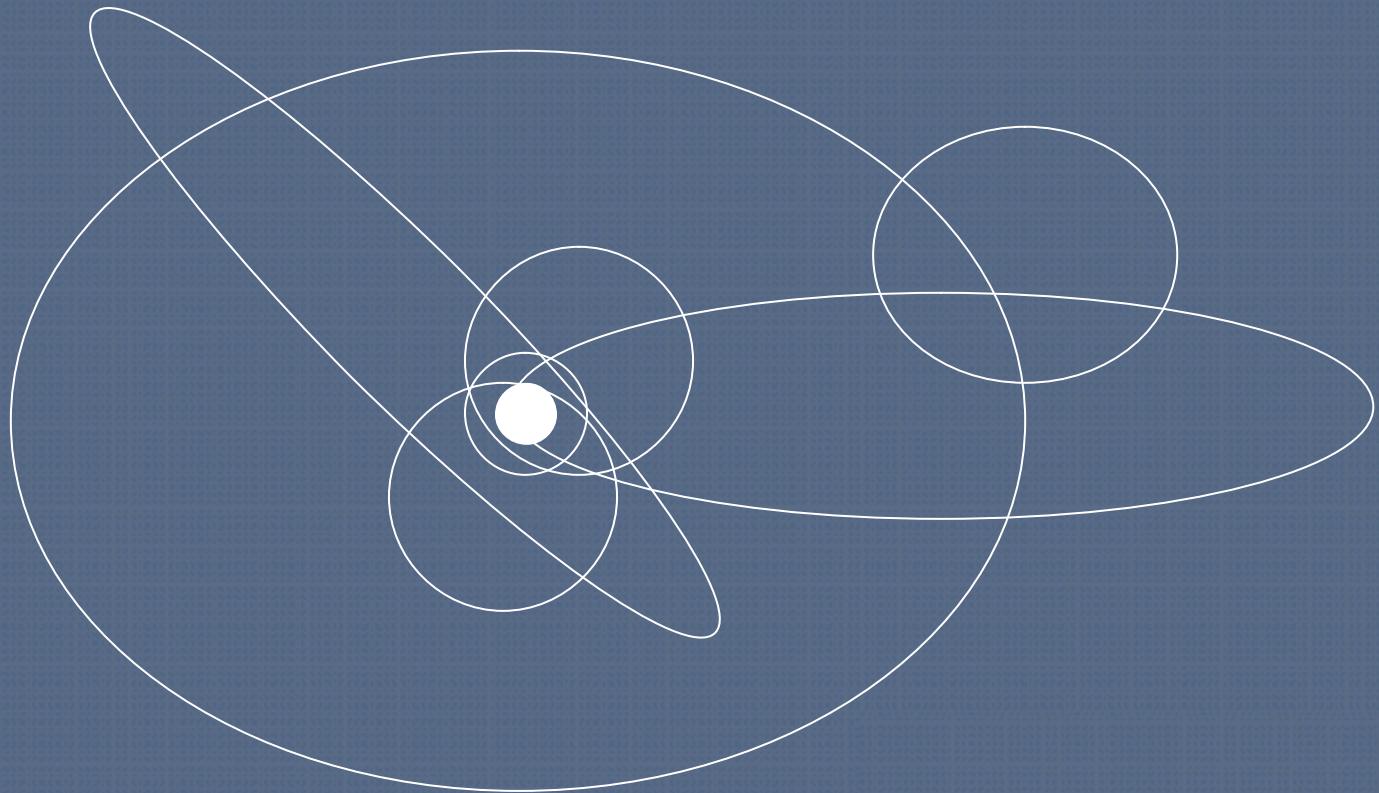
<doc>

This is our **document** format ...

or **images** <source>image/filename</source>

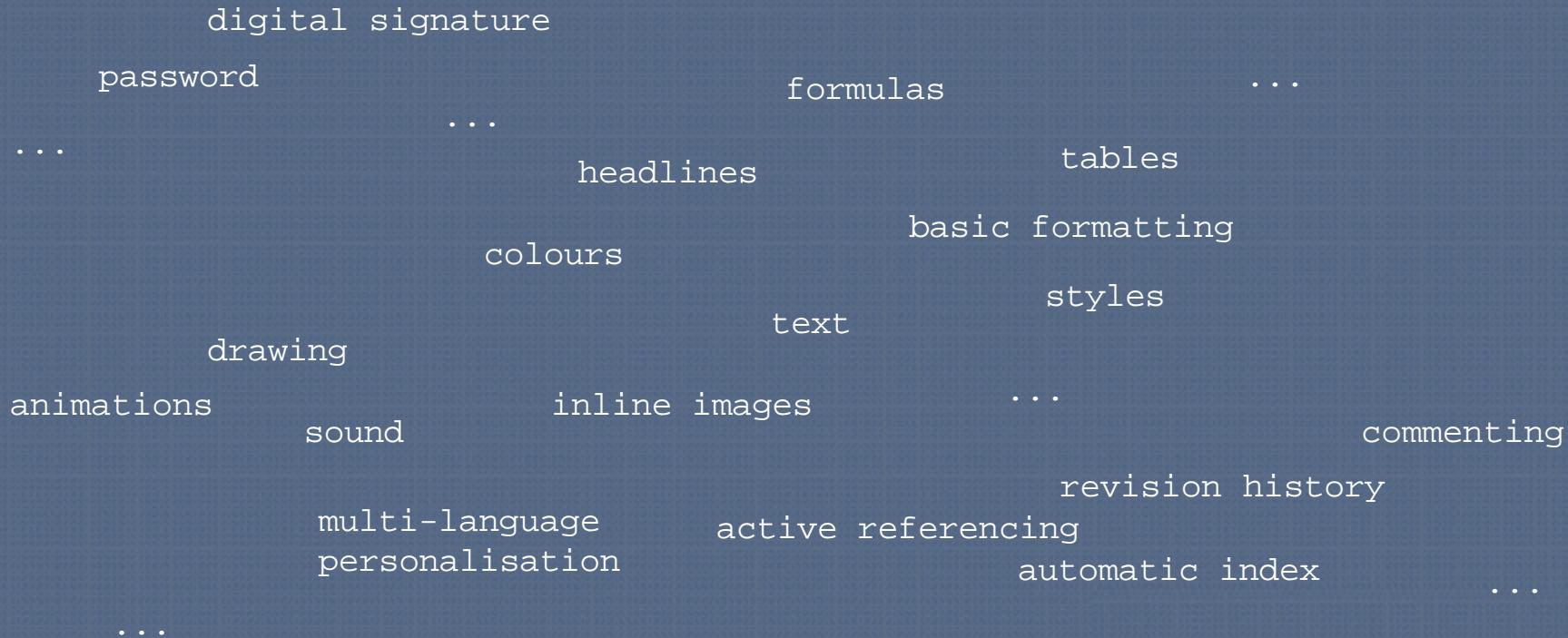
</doc>

format features



-> document formats <-

format features



-> **document formats** <-

format features

digital watermark

password

...

flow chart

layers

rotation

transparency

text

colour spaces

clipart

...

sound

revision history

animations

interactive graph

dynamic inlays

...

...

-> **image formats** <-

feature classification

- appearance
- structure
- behaviour

(? A.Rauber presentation)

- readability
- comprehensibility
- appearance
- functionality
- look + feel

(Clausen, May 2004)

lesson learnt

the **simpler** the object (**fewer** features),
the **more manageable** the preservation challenge

0010010 10 111010 1001

11010 01

format

functional
technological

significant properties

essence of an object

properties of
conceptual objects

essential characteristics

core features

significant properties

aspects of preservation quality

0010010 10 111010 1001

11010 01

significant properties - the intention

important

- to fulfil a business function
- to adequately purport meaning

depends on a specific task
in a specific business environment

significant properties - the medium

this
If is shall really take
is shall never to
flying I never it.
this take
If is shall really take
flying I never it.

Piglet getting bounced along by Kanga,
Winnie The Pooh, A. A. Milne, p. 103

. . . transcribed as linear text

text

formatting

page format, pagination

headlines, footnotes

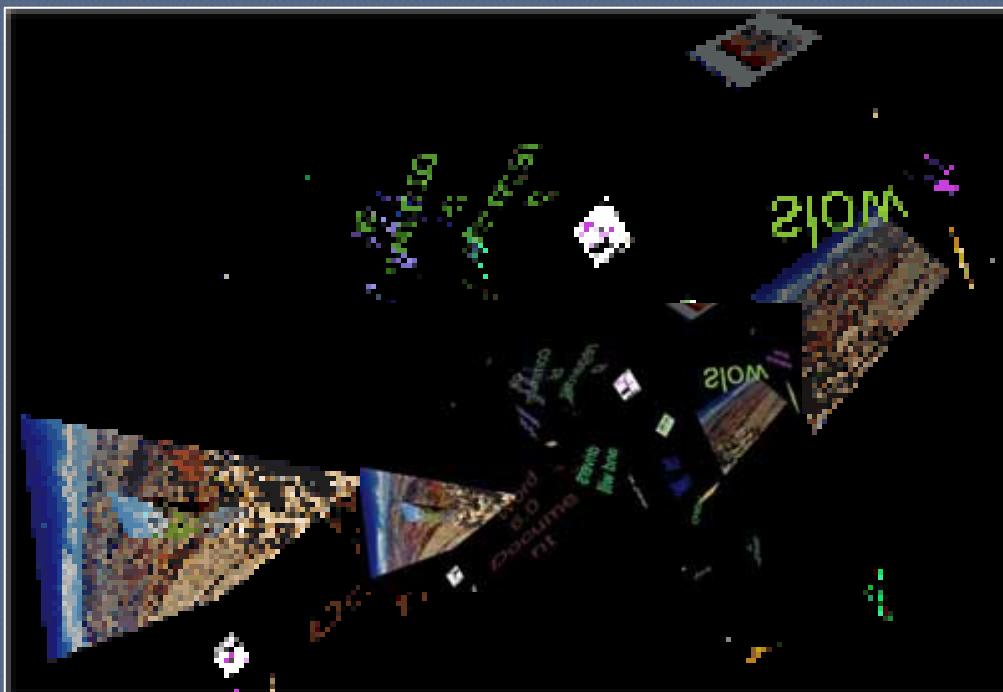
metadata

Jeff Rothenberg (May 2001):
Emulation vs. Migration for
Preserving Software-Dependent
Artefacts.

0010010 10 111010 1001

11010 01

significant properties - a comparison



Mary Flanagan: **[phage]**
www.maryflanagan.com/virus.htm
www.variablemedia.net/e/seeingdouble/home.html

significant properties

fundamental purpose, intellectual content
preserve the idea? or preserve the performance?

- ? intention of the author
- ? mission of preserver
- ? requirements of future users

0010010 10 111010 1001

01
1
1
1
...
01
1 0
0 01 . . 1 0
11010 01

lesson learnt

the **simpler** the object (**fewer** features),
the **more handable** the preservation challenge

preserve as **simple** objects as possible,
but as **rich** as necessary to adequately
carry their purpose into the future

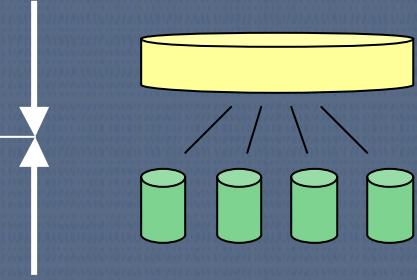
0010010 10 111010 1001

11010 01

business
format

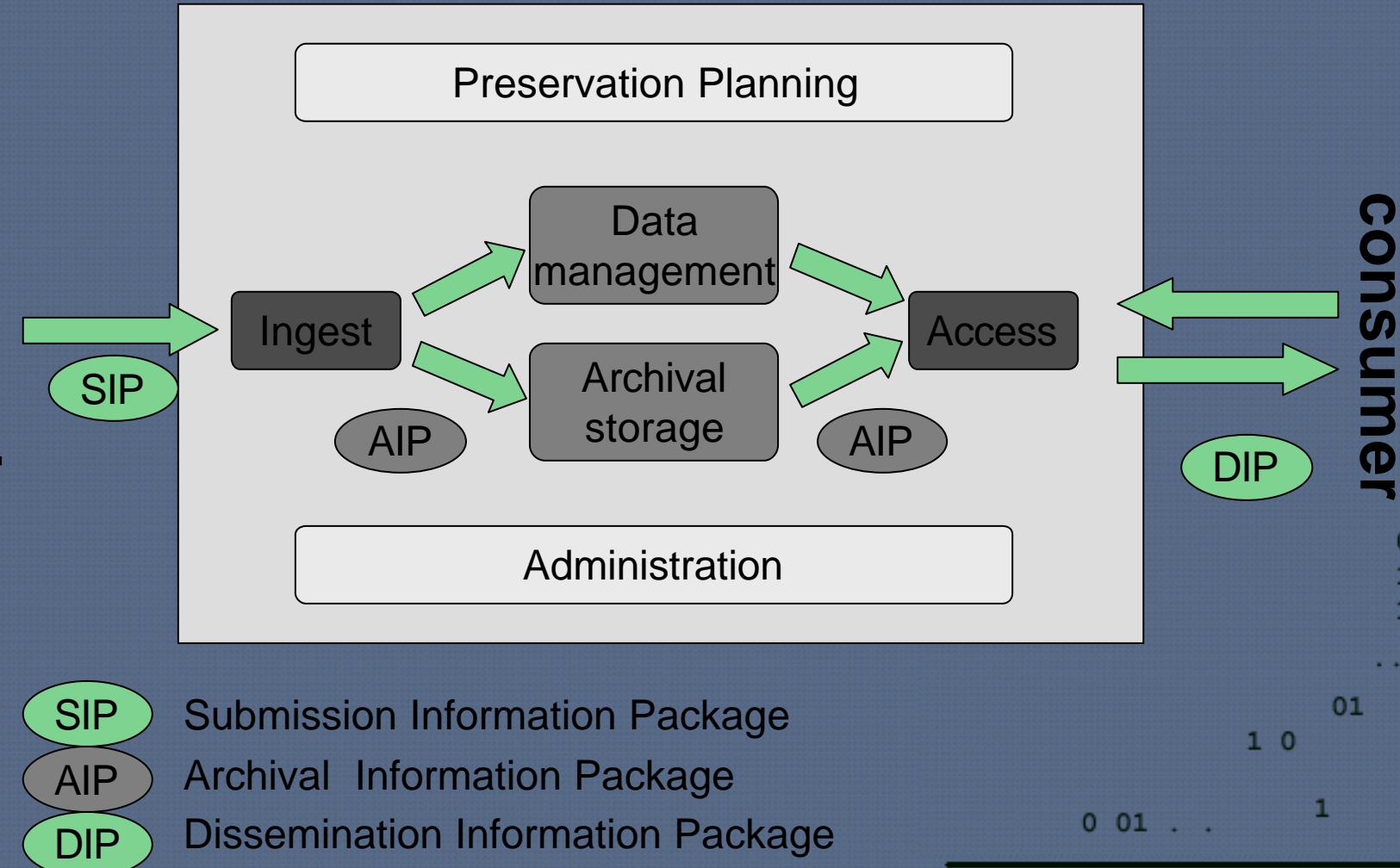
environment
task
functional
technological

significant properties
format features



OAIS model

producer



Submission Information Package

Archival Information Package

Dissemination Information Package

0010010 10 111010 1001

11010 01

file formats in digital preservation

possible indicators for long-term stability

- stable, robust
 - portable
 - open
- ? widely used and well documented

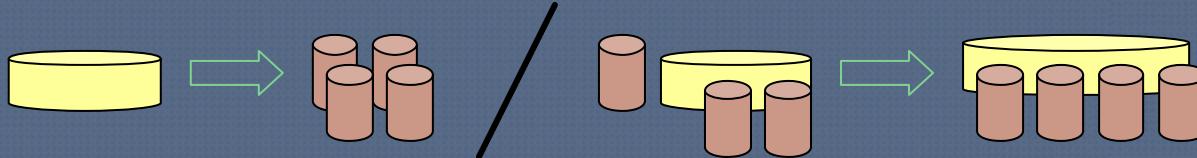
conversion

moving between formats

- * SIP ? AIP
- * AIP ? DIP

conversion problems:

format features; significant properties; process



0010010 10 111010 1001

0
1
1
1
01
1 0
0 01 . . 1 0
11010 01

more format issues in preservation

- * multiple objects, external libraries
 - * nested files
 - * XML inside? /.
 - * encryption, compression
 - * metadata
- (XML alone is only syntax for information model)

XML inside?

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<workshop>
  <location>beijing</location>
  <date>july 2004</date>
  <topic>digital preservation</topic>
</workshop>
```



**XML
database**

```
^A ^E@href^V^Etitle
  ^Fgroups^B^F@title^Y^Dauth^A^Duse^Csup^] ^Glast-
  id^L^Cuid^O
  ^C@id^F^Dname^category^Z^Eusers^G^Ab^document^T^Dlink^
    \^ApESlocation^Q^Ginclude
  ^U^Etopic^workshop^P^Dhref^_ @password
  @last-id^C^Ddate^R^D@uid
    ^Dbody^W^E@name^E^Egroup^D^Bid^K^Gsection^passwo
    rd^N^A^_http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude^A^A^Bxi^A
```



0010010 10 111010 1001

0 01 . . 1 0 01

11010 01

conclusions

- ! think about what you are doing
- ! watch what's going on
- ! check closely
- ! document it
- ! ensure you have all the information you need

0010010 10 111010 1001

11010 01

further reading

- * ERPANET Training Seminar:
File Formats for Preservation.
May 2004; Vienna, Austrian National Library.
www.erpanet.org
- * Lars R. Clausen: Handling File Formats. The Royal Library, Copenhagen, and The State and University Library Aarhus, Denmark. May 2004.
<http://www.netarkivet.dk/website/publications/FileFormats-2004.pdf>
- * Adrian Brown: Selecting File Formats for Long-Term Preservation. UK National Archives Digital Preservation Guidance Note 1. June 2003.
www.pro.gov.uk/about/preservation/digital/guidance/selecting-file-formats.pdf
- * John Bennett: A framework of Data Types and Formats, and Issues affecting the long term Preservation of Digital Material. 1997.
<http://www.ukoln.ac.uk/services/elib/papers/supporting/pdf/rept011.pdf>
- * Lawrence et al.: Risk Management of Digital Information: A File Format Investigation. June 2000. CLIR Report, ISBN 1-887334-78-5.
<http://www.clir.org/pubs/reports/pub93/pub93.pdf>